

**5E5101**

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

Total No of Pages: **3****5E5101****B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016****Computer Science & Engineering****5CS1A Computer Architecture****Common with CS, IT****Time: 3 Hours****Maximum Marks: 80****Min. Passing Marks Main: 26****Min. Passing Marks Back: 24***Instructions to Candidates:*

*Attempt any five questions, selecting one question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks. Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing suitably be assumed and stated clearly.*

*Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.*

*Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination.*

*(Mentioned in form No. 205)*

1. NIL2. NIL**UNIT – I**

Q.1 (a) Write down the Flynn's classification of computer? [8]

(b) What does pipeline, vector and array processor mean in parallel processing? [8]

**OR**

Q.1 (a) Describe the Von – Neumann model and explain the functioning of its components. [8]

(b) Explain and draw a diagram of a bus system that use multiplex k, register of n bits each to produce an n – line common bus. [8]

## UNIT – II

- Q.2 (a) Explain the following in detail: [8]
- (i) Address Sequencing
  - (ii) Hardwired control unit
- (b) Draw and explain the organization of a CPU showing the connections between the Register to a common bus. [8]

### OR

- Q.2 (a) Discuss all factor which affect the performance of pipelining processor based systems. [8]
- (b) A non- pipeline system takes 100 ns to process a task. The same task can be processed in a six- segment pipeline with a clack cycle of 20ns. Determine the speedup ratio of the pipeline for 200 tasks. What is maximum speedup that can be achieved? [8]

## UNIT – III

- Q.3 (a) Describe the procedure for addition and subtraction for fixed point number. Explain by use of Flowchart? [8]
- (b) Explain Booth multiplication algorithm and its hardware. [8]

### OR

- Q.3 (a) Draw and explain flowchart for additional and subtraction of floating points number. [8]
- (b) Represent the number  $(+46.5)_{10}$  as a floating point binary number with 24 bits. The normalized fraction Mantissa has 16 bits and be exponent has 8 bits. [8]

## UNIT – IV

- Q.4 (a) What is cache coherency why is it necessary? Explain different approaches for cache coherency. [8]
- (b) Explain associative memory with its hardware organization. Discuss the procedure for reading and writing data in associative memory. [8]

**OR**

- Q.4 (a) Explain the role of virtual Memory. [8]
- (b) Draw and explain the memory hierarchy in a digital computer. What are the advantages of cache memory over main memory? [8]

**UNIT – V**

- Q.5 (a) List various commands that an interface may receive from control line of the Bus. Explain the process of handling an interrupt that occurs during the execution of a program, with the help of an example. [8]
- (b) A DMA controller transfer 16- bits words to memory using cycle stealing. The words are assembled from a device that transmits character at a rate of 2400 characters per second. The CPU be is fetching and executing instruction at an average rate of 1 million instructions per second. By how much the CPU be slowed down because of the DMA transfer? [8]

**OR**

- Q.5 (a) What is an interrupt service subroutine? How can the interrupt priority be resolved?
- (b) Explain in short programmed I/O and interrupt initiated I/O.
- (c) What do you mean by synchronous and asynchronous data transfer? Explain hand shaking method asynchronous data transfer? [16]
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5E5102

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**5E5102**

**B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016**

**Computer Engineering  
5CS2A Digital Logic Design**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

**Min. Passing Marks Main: 26**

**Min. Passing Marks Back: 24**

*Instructions to Candidates:*

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*(Mentioned in form No. 205)*

1. NIL

2. NIL

### **UNIT – I**

Q.1 Explain Hardware Description Languages and their use in digital logic design in detail along with their application areas. [16]

**OR**

Q.1 (a) Describe scalar data types & operations in VHDL. [8]

(b) Explain scalar data types & operations in VHDL. [8]

### **UNIT – II**

Q.2 Write Technical notes on following -

(a) Packages & Use Clauses in VHDL. [8]

(b) Components & configurations in VHDL. [8]

**OR**

- Q.2 What are concurrent statements in VHDL. Also explain use of VHDL in simulation and synthesis of digital circuits with example. [1]

**UNIT – III**

- Q.3 (a) Write and explain design steps for synchronous sequential circuits. [1]  
(b) Write short note on programmable logic devices in detail. [1]

**OR**

- Q.3 Explain the process of converting ASM charts to hardware and also explain Algorithmic state charts in detail along with concept of set-up time and hold time. [1]

**UNIT – IV**

- Q.4 Explain in detail dynamic hazards, function hazards, and essential hazards in combinational networks. [1]

**OR**

- Q.4 (a) What are stable and unstable states. Explain the concept of races and race-free assignments in detail. [1]  
(b) Write short note on compatibility and state reduction procedure.

**UNIT – V**

- Q.5 Explain following incorporate with field programmable gate arrays. [8×2=]  
(a) Logic elements & programmability.  
(b) Interconnect structures & programmability.

**OR**

- Q.5 Write short notes on - [8×2=]  
(a) Extended Logic elements in FPGA.  
(b) Flash Memory & anti-fuse configuration in FPGA.

**5E5103**

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

Total No of Pages: **3****5E5103****B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016****Computer Engineering****5CS3A Telecommunication Fundamentals****Time: 3 Hours****Maximum Marks: 80****Min. Passing Marks Main: 26****Min. Passing Marks Back: 24***Instructions to Candidates:*

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*(Mentioned in form No. 205)*

1. NIL2. NIL**UNIT - I**

- Q.1 (a) Draw the following reference models used in computer communication - [8]
- (i) OSI / ISO Model
  - (ii) TCP/ IP Model
- (b) Explain the stop and wait ARQ Protocol and also discuss the Piggy backing method. [8]

**OR**

- Q.1 (a) In a Microwave communication link, two identical antennas operating at 10 GHz are used with power gain of 40db. If the transmitter power is 1 W, find the received power if the range of the link is 30km. [8]

- (b) What do you understand by synchronization problem? How to solve it? Explain with suitable example. [8]

## UNIT – II

- Q.2 (a) Show that slotted ALOHA has a maximum throughput of twice the pure ALOHA maximum throughput. [8]
- (b) Explain the frame structure of point to point protocol. What is difference between HDLC and PPP? [8]

### OR

- Q.2 (a) A 1 km, 10MbPS CSMA/CD LAN has a propagation speed of  $200\text{m}/\mu\text{sec}$ . Data frames are 256 bits long, including 32 bits of header. Check sum and other overhead for the receiver to capture the channel to send a 32 bit acknowledgement frame. What is effective data rate excluding overhead, assuming there are no collisions? [8]
- (b) Explain the frame structure of point to point protocol. What is difference between HDLC and PPP? [8]

## UNIT – III

- Q.3 (a) What is looping problem in switching? Explain spanning. Explain spanning Tree protocol in detail. [10]
- (b) What is the difference between a forwarding port and a blocking port? [6]

### OR

- Q.3 (a) What is Hidden Node and Exposed Node problem? Explain with example. [8]
- (b) What is the function of L2CAP layer in Bluetooth? [4]
- (c) Explain Piconet and Scatternet in Bluetooth. [4]

## UNIT – IV

- Q.4 (a) Assume that the velocity of propagation on a TDM bus is  $0.8c$  ( $c$  =Speed of light), its length is 10M, and the data rate is 500 MbPS. How many bits should be transmitted in a time slot to achieve a bus utilization of 99%? [8]



- (b) Explain TDMA superframe structure. Are collisions possible in TDMA and FDMA? Justify. [8]

**OR**

- Q.4 (a) Describe ADSL. Also discuss the two systems used in ADSL. [8]
- (b) Consider a PCM system in which 24 signals are to be time division multiplexed. Each signal has a 3 kHz bandwidth. The sampling rate is 33.3 percent higher than the theoretical maximum and 8 bits are used for each sample.
- (i) Determine the required bit rate. [4]
- (ii) Find the minimum required transmission bandwidth. [4]

**UNIT – V**

- Q.5 (a) What are the various spread spectrum techniques? Explain frequency hopped spread spectrum technique. [8]
- (b) Explain CDMA. What is forward and reverse CDMA channel? [8]

**OR**

- Q.5 (a) Define following (Any two): [4×2=8]
- (i) M- sequence
- (ii) Hand off
- (iii) IMT - 2000
- (b) What is Walsh Code Synchronization? Explain. [8]



5E5104

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**5E5104**

**B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016**

**Computer Science & Engineering  
5CS4A Database Management System  
Common with CS, IT**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

**Min. Passing Marks Main: 26**

**Min. Passing Marks Back: 24**

*Instructions to Candidates:*

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*(Mentioned in form No. 205)*

1. NIL

2. NIL

### UNIT – I

Q.1 (a) What do you mean by DBMS? Explain the advantages of Database Management system over file management system. [10]

(b) What is difference between logical data independence and physical data independence. [6]

OR

Q.1 (a) Draw the diagram of system structure of DBMS. Write down the main function of each component. [8]

(b) Why query processor component of database is important? Briefly discuss about all components of query processor. [5]

(c) Differentiate between DDL & DML. [3]

## UNIT – II

- Q.2 (a) What is the role of ER model in database design? Draw an ER diagram for library management system and convert ER-Diagram into tables. [2+6+4=12]
- (b) What do you mean by constraints? Explain different types of constraints with examples. [4]

### OR

- Q.2 (a) Explain the following with the help of suitable Examples:
- (i) Participation constraints
  - (ii) Aggregation
  - (iii) Multi - valued Attributes
  - (iv) Key constraints [2×4=8]
- (b) Design an E-R Diagram to show that participation of weak entity set as owner entity set in identifying relationship with another weak entity sets and find primary key of all entity sets. [4]
- (c) Explain concept of specialization and generalization in E – R model. [4]

## UNIT – III

- Q.3 (a) Explain following operations in relational algebra with suitable examples:
- (i) Rename
  - (ii) Natural Join
  - (iii) Division
  - (iv) Grouping [3×4=12]
- (b) Differentiate relation algebra and relational Calculus. [4]

### OR

- Q.3 (a) Consider following schemas: [4×3=12]
- Passengers (Name, Address, Age)
- Reservations (Name, FlightNum, seat)

Flights (FlightNum, DepartCity, DestinationCity, MinutesLate, DepartureTime, ArrivalTime)

- (i) Get the names of passengers who had a reservation on a flight that was more than 30 minutes late.
  - (ii) Get the names of passengers who had reservations on all flights that were more than 60 minutes late.
  - (iii) Get the names of pairs of passengers, who are of the same age.
- (b) Discuss various types of inner join operation. [4]

### UNIT – IV

Q.4 Consider the employee database given below: [4×4=16]

Employee (emp\_name, street, city)

Works (emp\_name, company\_name, salary)

Company (company\_name, city)

Manages (emp\_name, manager\_name)

Give an expression in SQL for each of the following queries:

- (i) Modify the database so that Jones now lives in New town.
- (ii) Give all managers of First Bank Corporation a 10 percent raise.
- (iii) Give all managers of First Bank Corporation a 10 percent raise unless the salary becomes greater than \$100,000; in such cases, give only a 3 percent raise.
- (iv) Find the names of all employees in this database who live in the same city as the company for which they work.

### OR

Q.4 (a) What is Triggers? How do we create triggers on a database? Show some syntax. [2+2+4=8]

(b) Explain Embedded SQL and Dynamic SQL. [8]

## UNIT – V

- Q.5 (a) Discuss the purpose of BCNF and describes how BCNF is different from 3NF  
Provide an example to illustrate the answer. [12]
- (b) What is Decomposition? Explain Lossy and Lossless join decomposition. [4]

### OR

- Q.5 We are given a schema  $s = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$ . The F of functional dependencies is  $\{A \rightarrow E, BC \rightarrow E, ED \rightarrow A\}$ .
- (a) is S in BCNF? Why? [3]
- (b) is S in 3NF? Why? [3]
- (c) Find canonical cover  $F_c$  of F [5]
- (d) List all candidate keys for S [5]
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5E5105

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5E5105

B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016

Computer Science & Engineering

5CS5A Operating Systems

Common with CS, IT

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Min. Passing Marks Main: 26

Min. Passing Marks Back: 24

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### UNIT – I

- Q.1 (a) What are the different services provided by the operating system? Explain all of them in detail? [8]
- (b) What are the five major activities of an operating system with regard to file management? [8]

OR

- Q.1 (a) What are the two models of interprocess communication? What are the strengths & weakness of the two approaches? [8]
- (b) What are the difference between user level threads & kernel Level threads, under what circumstances is one type better than the other? [8]

## UNIT – II

- Q.2 (a) In – connection with interprocess communication explain the following: [8]
- (i) Race Condition
  - (ii) Critical Condition
  - (iii) Sleep & Wake up
  - (iv) Sleeping Barber's Problem
- (b) Define scheduling criteria? Explain Quencing diagram for the CPU scheduling in detail? [8]

### OR

- Q.2 (a) Describe the difference between short term, medium term, & long term scheduling? [8]
- (b) Consider the following set of processes, with the arrival times and the CPU burst times given in milliseconds. [8]

PROCESS	ARRIVAL TIME	BURST TIME
P1	0	5
P2	1	3
P3	2	3
P4	4	1

What is the average turn around time for these processes with the preemptive shortest remaining process time first algorithm?

## UNIT – III

- Q.3 (a) Explain Banker's Algorithm for deadlock avoidance with an example? [8]



- (b) Apply deadlock detection algorithm to the following data & show the results: [8]

$$\text{Available} = (2, 1, 0, 0)$$

$$\text{Request} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Allocation} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

**OR**

- Q.3 (a) With the help of neat diagram Explain Memory hierarchy in detail? [8]  
(b) Explain the difference between Paging & Segmentation? [8]

### **UNIT – IV**

- Q.4 (a) Write Short note on Page Replacement Algorithms in Detail? [8]  
(b) Let 620 frames are split between two processes, one of 100 pages & one of 1270 pages. Find the number of frames allocated for each process if proportional allocation method is used? [8]

**OR**

- Q.4 (a) What is Belady's Anamoly? In which algorithm does it occur? [8]  
(b) Consider the following segment table. [8]

SEGMENT	BASE	LENGTH
0	219	600
1	2300	14
2	90	100
3	1327	580
4	1952	96

Calculate the physical address for the following logical addresses?

## UNIT – V

- Q.5 (a) Define file system? Explain file operations in detail? [8]  
(b) Explain the classification of Allocation Methods? [8]

OR

- Q.5 (a) Explain the Concept of spooling with all its types and its advantages & disadvantages? [8]  
(b) Suppose the head of moving head disk is currently servicing a request at track 60. If the queue of request is kept in FIFO order, what is the total head movement to satisfy these requests for the following disk scheduling algorithm: [8]  
(i) FCFS  
(ii) SSFT

REQUEST SEQUENCE	TRACK NUMBER
1	56
2	170
3	35
4	120
5	10
6	140

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**5E5106**

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

Total No of Pages: **4****5E5106****B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016****Computer Science & Engineering****5CS6.1A Advance Data Structure****Common with CS, IT****Time: 3 Hours****Maximum Marks: 80****Min. Passing Marks Main: 26****Min. Passing Marks Back: 24***Instructions to Candidates:*

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*(Mentioned in form No. 205)*

1. NIL2. NIL**UNIT – I**

- Q.1 (a) Given an element  $x$  in an  $n$ -node order-statistic tree and a natural number  $i$ , how can the  $i^{\text{th}}$  successor of  $x$  in the linear order of the tree be determined in  $O(\log n)$  time. [8]
- (b) Describe an efficient algorithm that, given an interval  $i$ , returns an interval overlapping  $i$  that has the maximum low endpoint, or nil [T] if no such interval exists. [8]

**OR**

- Q.1 (a) Does deleting a leaf node from a red-black tree then reinserting the same key always result in the original tree? Prove it does or given a counter example where it does not. [8]
- (b) Write a method in C to erase a pair in the dictionary with the Key in a skip list representation. What is the complexity of this method? [8]

## UNIT – II

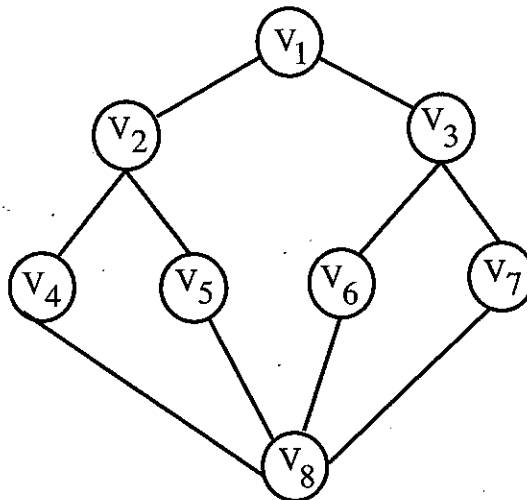
- Q.2 (a) Explain Amortized Cost of Incrementing Binary Integers and potential function of Fibonacci heap. [8]
- (b) Explain the implementation of a binomial heap and its operation with suitable example. [8]

OR

- Q.2 (a) Show how to maintain, for every node of a 2-3-4 tree, the height of the subtree rooted at  $x$  as a field height  $[x]$ . Make sure that your implementation does not affect the asymptotic running times of searching, insertion, and deletion. [8]
- (b) Show the Fibonacci heap that result from calling FIB-HEAP-EXTRACT-MIN, the maximum degree  $D(n)$  of any node in an  $n$ -node Fibonacci heap is  $O(\log n)$ . [8]

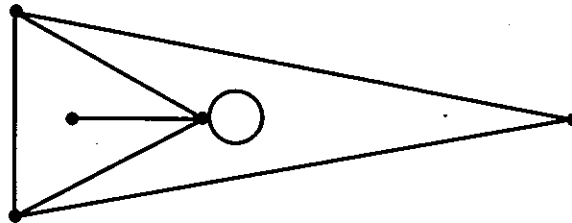
## UNIT – III

- Q.3 (a) Define connected components of a Graph. For the given graph give the adjacency list. [8]



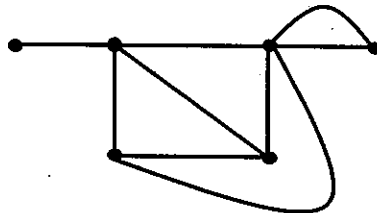
Write the BFS algorithm and traverse it starting from the vertex  $V_6$  showing various stages. How the connected components of a graph can be determined?

- (b) Define isomorphic graph. Draw three isomorphic graphs of the following. [8]



OR

- Q.3 (a) Prove that for any vertex  $v$  other than the source or sink, the total positive flow entering  $v$  must equal the total positive flow leaving  $v$ . [8]
- (b) Define cut-set vector and circuit vector of a graph. Find the set of all cut-set vectors and the set of all circuit vectors of the following graph: [8]



### UNIT – IV

- Q.4 (a) How many different zero-one input sequences must be applied to the input of a comparison network to verify that it is a merging network. [8]
- (b) Consider two sequences of 0's and 1's. Prove that if every element in one sequence is at least as small as every element in the other sequence, then one of the two sequences is clean. [8]

OR

- Q.4 (a) Give a sequence of  $m$  MAKE-SET, UNION, and FIND-SET operations,  $n$  of which are MAKE-SET operation, that takes  $\Omega(m \log n)$  time when we use union by rank only. [8]
- (b) Explain the following terms and their functioning: [4+4=8]
- 2-3 tree
  - Concatenable Queue

## UNIT – V

Q.5 (a) Prove that system  $(\mathbb{Z}_n, +_n)$  and  $(\mathbb{Z}_n^*, \cdot_n)$  is a finite abelian group.

(b) Prove that:

If  $n$  is an odd composite number, then the number of witnesses to compositeness of  $n$  is at least  $(n-1)/2$ .

OR

Q.5 (a) Discuss Miller Rabin randomized primality test?

(b) Give a brief review of notation of elementary number theorem? State divisibility theorem.

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